

LOW-VOLTAGE MOTOR DRIVER WITH SERIAL INTERFACE

Check for Samples: DRV8830

FEATURES

- H-Bridge Voltage-Controlled Motor Driver
 - Drives DC Motor, One Winding of a Stepper Motor, or Other Actuators/Loads
 - Efficient PWM Voltage Control for Constant Motor Speed With Varying Supply Voltages
 - Low MOSFET On-Resistance:
 HS + LS 450 mΩ
- 1-A Maximum DC/RMS or Peak Drive Current
- 2.75-V to 6.8-V Operating Supply Voltage Range
- 300-nA (Typical) Sleep Mode Current
- Serial I²C-Compatible Interface
- Multiple Address Selections Allow Up to 9 Devices on One I²C Bus

- Current Limit Circuit and Fault Output
- Thermally Enhanced Surface Mount Packages

APPLICATIONS

- · Battery-Powered:
 - Printers
 - Toys
 - Robotics
 - Cameras
 - Phones
- Small Actuators, Pumps, etc.

DESCRIPTION

The DRV8830 provides an integrated motor driver solution for battery-powered toys, printers, and other low-voltage or battery-powered motion control applications. The device has one H-bridge driver, and can drive one DC motor or one winding of a stepper motor, as well as other loads like solenoids. The output driver block consists of N-channel and P-channel power MOSFET's configured as an H-bridge to drive the motor winding.

Provided with sufficient PCB heatsinking, the DRV8830 can supply up to 1-A of DC/RMS or peak output current. It operates on power supply voltages from 2.75 V to 6.8 V.

To maintain constant motor speed over varying battery voltages while maintaining long battery life, a PWM voltage regulation method is provided. The output voltage is programmed via an I²C-compatible interface, using an internal voltage reference and DAC.

Internal protection functions are provided for over current protection, short circuit protection, under voltage lockout and overtemperature protection.

The DRV8830 is available in tiny 3-mm x 3-mm 10-pin MSOP and WSON packages with PowerPAD™ (Eco-friendly: RoHS & no Sb/Br).

ORDERING INFORMATION(1)

PACKAGE ⁽²⁾		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
PowerDADIM (MSOD) DCO	Reel of 2500	DRV8830DGQR	8830
PowerPAD™ (MSOP) - DGQ	Tube of 80	DRV8830DGQ	8830
DowerDADIM (MCON) DDC	Reel of 3000	DRV8830DRCR	8830
PowerPAD™ (WSON) - DRC	Reel of 250	DRV8830DRCT	8830

⁽¹⁾ For the most current packaging and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at www.ti.com.



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⁽²⁾ Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.





This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

DEVICE INFORMATION

Functional Block Diagram

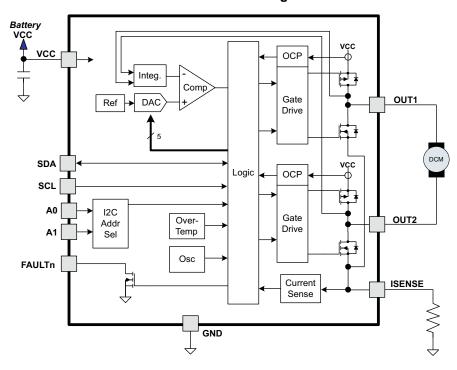


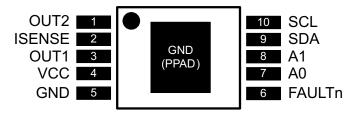


Table 1. TERMINAL FUNCTIONS

NAME	PIN	I/O ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION	EXTERNAL COMPONENTS OR CONNECTIONS	
GND	5	-	Device ground		
VCC	4	-	Device and motor supply	Bypass to GND with a 0.1-µF (minimum) ceramic capacitor.	
SDA	9	Ю	Serial data	Data line of I ² C serial bus	
SCL	10	I	Serial clock	Clock line of I ² C serial bus	
A0	7	I	Address set 0	Connect to GND, VCC, or open to set I ² C	
A1	8	I	Address set 1	base address. See serial interface description.	
FAULTn	6	OD	Fault output	Open-drain output driven low if fault condition present	
OUT1	3	0	Bridge output 1	Commont to resident winding	
OUT2	1	0	Bridge output 2	Connect to motor winding	
ISENSE	2	Ю	Current sense resistor	Connect current sense resistor to GND. Resistor value sets current limit level.	

(1) Directions: I = input, O = output, OZ = tri-state output, OD = open-drain output, IO = input/output

DGQ OR DRC PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)(2)

		VALUE	UNIT	
VCC	Power supply voltage range	–0.3 to 7	V	
	Input pin voltage range	-0.5 to 7	V	
	Peak motor drive output current ⁽³⁾	Internally limited	Α	
	Continuous motor drive output current (3)	1	Α	
	Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Ratin	ngs table	
T_J	Operating virtual junction temperature range	-40 to 150	°C	
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	-60 to 150	°C	

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute—maximum—rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Product Folder Link(s): DRV8830

⁽²⁾ All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

⁽³⁾ Power dissipation and thermal limits must be observed.



THERMAL INFORMATION

		DRV8830	DRV8830	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DGQ	DRC	UNITS
		10 PINS	10 PINS	
θ_{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance ⁽²⁾	69.3	50.2	
θ_{JCtop}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance (3)	63.5	78.4	
θ_{JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance (4)	51.6	18.8	°C/W
Ψυτ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter (5)	1.5	1.1	C/VV
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter (6)	23.2	17.9	
θ_{JCbot}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance (7)	9.5	5.1	

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.
- (2) The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance under natural convection is obtained in a simulation on a JEDEC-standard, high-K board, as specified in JESD51-7, in an environment described in JESD51-2a.
- (3) The junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance is obtained by simulating a cold plate test on the package top. No specific JEDEC-standard test exists, but a close description can be found in the ANSI SEMI standard G30-88.
- (4) The junction-to-board thermal resistance is obtained by simulating in an environment with a ring cold plate fixture to control the PCB temperature, as described in JESD51-8.
- (5) The junction-to-top characterization parameter, ψ_{JT} , estimates the junction temperature of a device in a real system and is extracted from the simulation data for obtaining θ_{JA} , using a procedure described in JESD51-2a (sections 6 and 7).
- (6) The junction-to-board characterization parameter, ψ_{JB}, estimates the junction temperature of a device in a real system and is extracted from the simulation data for obtaining θ_{JA}, using a procedure described in JESD51-2a (sections 6 and 7).
- (7) The junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance is obtained by simulating a cold plate test on the exposed (power) pad. No specific JEDEC standard test exists, but a close description can be found in the ANSI SEMI standard G30-88.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Motor power supply voltage range	2.75	6.8	V
I _{OUT}	Continuous or peak H-bridge output current ⁽¹⁾	0	1	Α

(1) Power dissipation and thermal limits must be observed.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{CC} = 2.75 \text{ V}$ to 6.8 V, $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
POWER S	SUPPLIES						
I _{VCC}	VCC operating supply current	V _{CC} = 5 V		1.4	2	mA	
I _{VCCQ}	VCC sleep mode supply current	V _{CC} = 5 V, T _A = 25°C		0.3	1	μA	
V	VCC undervoltage lockout	V _{CC} rising		2.575	2.75	V	
V _{UVLO}	voltage	V _{CC} falling		2.47		V	
LOGIC-LE	EVEL INPUTS						
V_{IL}	Input low voltage		0.25 x VCC	0.38 x VCC		V	
V_{IH}	Input high voltage			0.46 x VCC	0.5 x VCC	V	
V_{HYS}	Input hysteresis			0.08 x VCC		V	
I _{IL}	Input low current	$V_{IN} = 0$	-10		10	μΑ	
I _{IH}	Input high current	V _{IN} = 3.3 V			50	μΑ	
LOGIC-LE	EVEL OUTPUTS (FAULTn)						
V_{OL}	Output low voltage	$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$		0.5		V	
H-BRIDGI	E FETS						
D	LIC FFT on registeres	$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, I_{O} = 0.8 \text{ A}, T_{J} = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$		290	400	~ 0	
R _{DS(ON)}	HS FET on resistance	$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, I_{O} = 0.8 \text{ A}, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		250		mΩ	
D	LC FFT on registeres	$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, I_{O} = 0.8 \text{ A}, T_{J} = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$		230	320	mΩ	
R _{DS(ON)}	LS FET on resistance	$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, I_{O} = 0.8 \text{ A}, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		200			
I _{OFF}	Off-state leakage current		-20		20	μΑ	
MOTOR D	PRIVER						
t _R	Rise time	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V, load} = 4 \Omega$	50		300	ns	
t _F	Fall time	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V, load} = 4 \Omega$	50		300	ns	
f _{SW}	Internal PWM frequency			44.5		kHz	
PROTECT	TION CIRCUITS						
I _{OCP}	Overcurrent protection trip level		1.3		3	Α	
t _{OCP}	OCP deglitch time			2		μs	
T_{TSD}	Thermal shutdown temperature	Die temperature ⁽¹⁾	150	160	180	°C	
VOLTAGE	CONTROL						
V _{REF}	Reference output voltage		1.235	1.285	1.335	V	
ΔV_{LINE}	Line regulation	$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V to 6 V, } V_{OUT} = 3 \text{ V,}^{(1)}$ $I_{OUT} = 500 \text{ mA}$		±1		%	
ΔV_{LOAD}	Load regulation	$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{OUT} = 3 \text{ V}, I_{OUT} = 200 \text{ mA to } 800 \text{ mA}^{(1)}$		±1		%	
CURREN	T LIMIT						
V _{ILIM}	Current limit sense voltage		160	200	240	mV	
t _{ILIM}	Current limit fault deglitch time			275		ms	
R _{ISEN}	Current limit sense resistance (external resistor value)		0		1	Ω	

⁽¹⁾ Not production tested.

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Product Folder Link(s): DRV8830



I²C TIMING REQUIREMENTS⁽¹⁾

 V_{CC} = 2.75 V to 6.8 V, T_A = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

		STAND	ARD MOI	DE	FAST MODE			UNIT	
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
f _{scl}	I ² C clock frequency	0		100	0		400	kHz	
t _{sch}	I ² C clock high time	4			0.6			μs	
t _{scl}	I ² C clock low time	4.7			1.3			μs	
t _{sp}	I ² C spike time	0		50	0		50	ns	
t _{sds}	I ² C serial data setup time	250			100			ns	
t _{sdh}	I ² C serial data hold time	0			0			ns	
t _{icr}	I ² C input rise time			1000	20+0.1Cb ⁽²⁾		300	ns	
t _{icf}	I ² C input fall time			300	20+0.1Cb ⁽²⁾		300	ns	
t _{ocf}	I ² C output fall time			300	20+0.1Cb ⁽²⁾		300	ns	
t _{buf}	I ² C bus free time	4.7			1.3			μs	
t _{sts}	I ² C Start setup time	4.7			0.6			μs	
t _{sth}	I ² C Start hold time	4			0.6			μs	
t _{sps}	I ² C Stop setup time	4			0.6			μs	
t _{vd} (data)	Valid data time (SCL low to SDA valid)			1			1	μs	
t _{vd} (ack)	Valid data time of ACK (ACK signal from SCL low to SDA low)			1			1	μs	

- (1) Not production tested.
- (2) $C_b = total$ capacitance of one bus line in pF

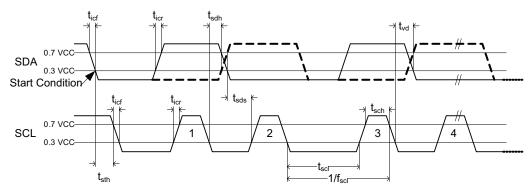


Figure 1. I²C Timing Requirements

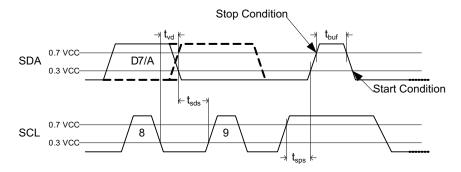
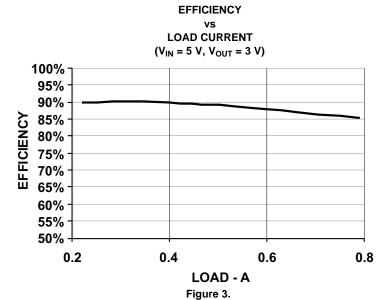
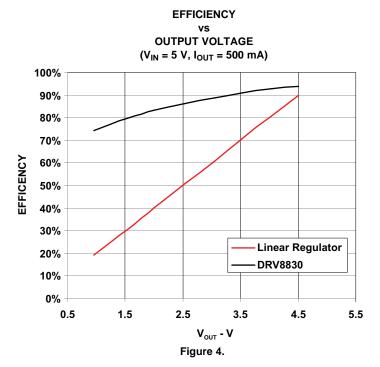


Figure 2. I²C Timing Requirements



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE GRAPHS







FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

PWM Motor Driver

The DRV8830 contains an H-bridge motor driver with PWM voltage-control circuitry with current limit circuitry. A block diagram of the motor control circuitry is shown below.

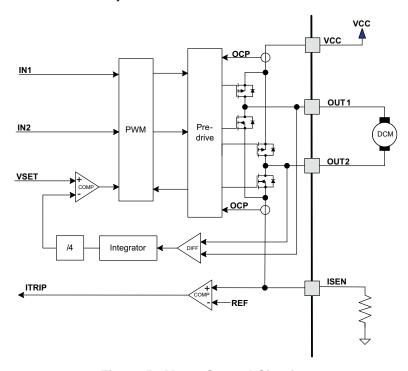


Figure 5. Motor Control Circuitry

Bridge Control

The IN1 and IN2 control bits in the serial interface register enable the H-bridge outputs. The following table shows the logic:

Table 2. H-Bridge Logic

IN1	IN2	OUT1	OUT2	Function
0	0	Z	Z	Standby/coast
0	1	L	Н	Reverse
1	0	Н	L	Forward
1	1	Н	Н	Brake

When both bits are zero, the output drivers are disabled and the device is placed into a low-power shutdown state. The current limit fault condition (if present) is also cleared.

At initial power-up, the device will enter the low-power shutdown state. Note that when transitioning from either brake or standby mode to forward or reverse, the voltage control PWM starts at zero duty cycle. The duty cycle slowly ramps up to the commanded voltage. This can take up to 12 ms to go from standby to 100% duty cycle.



Voltage Regulation

The DRV8830 provides the ability to regulate the voltage applied to the motor winding. This feature allows constant motor speed to be maintained even when operating from a varying supply voltage such as a discharging battery.

The DRV8830 uses a pulse-width modulation (PWM) technique instead of a linear circuit to minimize current consumption and maximize battery life.

The circuit monitors the voltage difference between the output pins and integrates it, to get an average DC voltage value. This voltage is divided by 4 and compared to the output voltage of the VSET DAC, which is set through the serial interface. If the averaged output voltage (divided by 4) is lower than VSET, the duty cycle of the PWM output is increased; if the averaged output voltage (divided by 4) is higher than VSET, the duty cycle is decreased.

During PWM regulation, the H-bridge is enabled to drive current through the motor winding during the PWM on time. This is shown in the diagram below as case 1. The current flow direction shown indicates the state when IN1 is high and IN2 is low.

Note that if the programmed output voltage is greater than the supply voltage, the device will operate at 100% duty cycle and the voltage regulation feature will be disabled. In this mode the device behaves as a conventional H-bridge driver.

During the PWM off time, winding current is re-circulated by enabling both of the high-side FETs in the bridge. This is shown as case 2 below.

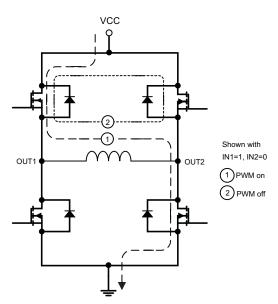


Figure 6. Voltage Regulation

Product Folder Link(s): DRV8830



Voltage Setting (VSET DAC)

The DRV8830 includes an internal reference voltage that is connected to a DAC. This DAC generates a voltage which is used to set the PWM regulated output voltage as described above.

The DAC is controlled by the VSET bits from the serial interface. The commanded output voltage is as follows:

0x00h Reserved 0x20h 2.57 0x01h Reserved 0x21h 2.65 0x02h Reserved 0x22h 2.73 0x03h Reserved 0x23h 2.81 0x04h Reserved 0x24h 2.89 0x05h Reserved 0x25h 2.97 0x06h 0.48 0x26h 3.05 0x07h 0.56 0x27h 3.13 0x08h 0.64 0x28h 3.21 0x09h 0.72 0x29h 3.29 0x0Ah 0.80 0x2Ah 3.37 0x0Bh 0.88 0x2Bh 3.45 0x0Ch 0.96 0x2Ch 3.53 0x0Dh 1.04 0x2Dh 3.61 0x0Eh 1.12 0x2Eh 3.69 0x0Fh 1.20 0x2Fh 3.77 0x10h 1.29 0x30h 3.86 0x11h 1.37 0x30h 3.86 0x12h 1.45	VSET[50]	Output Voltage	VSET[50]	Output Voltage
0x02h Reserved 0x22h 2.73 0x03h Reserved 0x23h 2.81 0x04h Reserved 0x24h 2.89 0x05h Reserved 0x25h 2.97 0x06h 0.48 0x26h 3.05 0x07h 0.56 0x27h 3.13 0x08h 0.64 0x28h 3.21 0x09h 0.72 0x29h 3.29 0x0Ah 0.80 0x2Ah 3.37 0x0Bh 0.88 0x2Bh 3.45 0x0Ch 0.96 0x2Ch 3.53 0x0Dh 1.04 0x2Bh 3.61 0x0Eh 1.12 0x2Eh 3.69 0x0Fh 1.20 0x2Fh 3.77 0x10h 1.29 0x30h 3.86 0x11h 1.37 0x31h 3.94 0x12h 1.45 0x32h 4.02 0x13h 1.53 0x33h 4.10 0x14h 1.61	0x00h	Reserved	0x20h	2.57
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0x09h 0.72 0x29h 3.29 0x0Ah 0.80 0x2Ah 3.37 0x0Bh 0.88 0x2Bh 3.45 0x0Ch 0.96 0x2Ch 3.53 0x0Dh 1.04 0x2Dh 3.61 0x0Eh 1.12 0x2Eh 3.69 0x0Fh 1.20 0x2Fh 3.77 0x10h 1.29 0x30h 3.86 0x11h 1.37 0x31h 3.94 0x12h 1.45 0x32h 4.02 0x13h 1.53 0x33h 4.10 0x14h 1.61 0x34h 4.18 0x15h 1.69 0x35h 4.26 0x16h 1.77 0x36h 4.34 0x17h 1.85 0x37h 4.42 0x18h 1.93 0x38h 4.50 0x19h 2.01 0x38h 4.50 0x1Ah 2.09 0x3Ah 4.66 0x1Bh 2.17 0x3Bh	0x07h	0.56	0x27h	3.13
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0x0Bh 0.88 0x2Bh 3.45 0x0Ch 0.96 0x2Ch 3.53 0x0Dh 1.04 0x2Dh 3.61 0x0Eh 1.12 0x2Eh 3.69 0x0Fh 1.20 0x2Fh 3.77 0x10h 1.29 0x30h 3.86 0x11h 1.37 0x31h 3.94 0x12h 1.45 0x32h 4.02 0x13h 1.53 0x33h 4.10 0x14h 1.61 0x34h 4.18 0x15h 1.69 0x35h 4.26 0x16h 1.77 0x36h 4.34 0x17h 1.85 0x37h 4.42 0x18h 1.93 0x38h 4.50 0x19h 2.01 0x38h 4.50 0x1Bh 2.17 0x38h 4.74 0x1Ch 2.25 0x3Ch 4.82 0x1Dh 2.33 0x3Dh 4.90 0x1Eh 2.41 0x3Eh	0x09h	0.72	0x29h	3.29
0x0Ch 0.96 0x0Dh 1.04 0x0Eh 1.12 0x0Fh 1.20 0x10h 1.29 0x11h 1.37 0x12h 1.45 0x13h 1.53 0x14h 1.61 0x15h 1.69 0x16h 1.77 0x18h 1.93 0x19h 2.01 0x18h 2.09 0x18h 2.17 0x18h 2.17 0x18h 2.25 0x10h 2.33 0x10h 2.33 0x12h 4.98	0x0Ah	0.80	0x2Ah	3.37
0x0Dh 1.04 0x2Dh 3.61 0x0Eh 1.12 0x2Eh 3.69 0x0Fh 1.20 0x2Fh 3.77 0x10h 1.29 0x30h 3.86 0x11h 1.37 0x31h 3.94 0x12h 1.45 0x31h 3.94 0x12h 1.45 0x32h 4.02 0x13h 1.53 0x33h 4.10 0x14h 1.61 0x34h 4.18 0x15h 1.69 0x35h 4.26 0x16h 1.77 0x36h 4.34 0x17h 1.85 0x37h 4.42 0x18h 1.93 0x38h 4.50 0x19h 2.01 0x39h 4.58 0x1Ah 2.09 0x3Ah 4.66 0x1Bh 2.17 0x3Bh 4.74 0x1Ch 2.25 0x3Ch 4.82 0x1Dh 2.33 0x3Dh 4.90 0x1Eh 2.41 0x3Eh	0x0Bh	0.88	0x2Bh	3.45
0x0Eh 1.12 0x2Eh 3.69 0x0Fh 1.20 0x2Fh 3.77 0x10h 1.29 0x30h 3.86 0x11h 1.37 0x31h 3.94 0x12h 1.45 0x32h 4.02 0x13h 1.53 0x32h 4.10 0x14h 1.61 0x34h 4.18 0x15h 1.69 0x35h 4.26 0x16h 1.77 0x36h 4.34 0x17h 1.85 0x37h 4.42 0x18h 1.93 0x38h 4.50 0x19h 2.01 0x38h 4.50 0x18h 2.09 0x3Ah 4.66 0x1Bh 2.17 0x3Bh 4.74 0x1Ch 2.25 0x3Ch 4.82 0x1Dh 2.33 0x3Dh 4.90 0x1Eh 2.41 0x3Eh 4.98	0x0Ch	0.96	0x2Ch	3.53
0x0Fh 1.20 0x10h 1.29 0x11h 1.37 0x12h 1.45 0x13h 1.53 0x14h 1.61 0x15h 1.69 0x16h 1.77 0x18h 1.93 0x19h 2.01 0x18h 2.09 0x18h 2.17 0x1Ch 2.25 0x1Dh 2.33 0x1Eh 4.98	0x0Dh	1.04	0x2Dh	3.61
0x10h 1.29 0x30h 3.86 0x11h 1.37 0x31h 3.94 0x12h 1.45 0x32h 4.02 0x13h 1.53 0x33h 4.10 0x14h 1.61 0x34h 4.18 0x15h 1.69 0x35h 4.26 0x16h 1.77 0x36h 4.34 0x17h 1.85 0x37h 4.42 0x18h 1.93 0x38h 4.50 0x19h 2.01 0x38h 4.58 0x1Ah 2.09 0x3Ah 4.66 0x1Bh 2.17 0x3Bh 4.74 0x1Ch 2.25 0x3Ch 4.82 0x1Dh 2.33 0x3Dh 4.90 0x1Eh 2.41 0x3Eh 4.98	0x0Eh	1.12	0x2Eh	3.69
0x11h 1.37 0x31h 3.94 0x12h 1.45 0x32h 4.02 0x13h 1.53 0x33h 4.10 0x14h 1.61 0x34h 4.18 0x15h 1.69 0x35h 4.26 0x16h 1.77 0x36h 4.34 0x17h 1.85 0x37h 4.42 0x18h 1.93 0x38h 4.50 0x19h 2.01 0x39h 4.58 0x1Ah 2.09 0x3Ah 4.66 0x1Bh 2.17 0x3Bh 4.74 0x1Ch 2.25 0x3Ch 4.82 0x1Dh 2.33 0x3Dh 4.90 0x1Eh 2.41 0x3Eh 4.98	0x0Fh	1.20	0x2Fh	3.77
0x12h 1.45 0x13h 1.53 0x14h 1.61 0x15h 1.69 0x16h 1.77 0x17h 1.85 0x18h 1.93 0x19h 2.01 0x18h 2.09 0x18h 2.17 0x18h 2.17 0x18h 2.17 0x10h 2.25 0x1Dh 2.33 0x1Eh 2.41	0x10h	1.29	0x30h	3.86
0x13h 1.53 0x14h 1.61 0x15h 1.69 0x16h 1.77 0x17h 1.85 0x18h 1.93 0x19h 2.01 0x18h 2.09 0x18h 2.17 0x18h 4.66 0x18h 2.17 0x18h 4.66 0x1Bh 2.17 0x1Ch 2.25 0x1Dh 2.33 0x1Eh 2.41	0x11h	1.37	0x31h	3.94
0x14h 1.61 0x34h 4.18 0x15h 1.69 0x35h 4.26 0x16h 1.77 0x36h 4.34 0x17h 1.85 0x37h 4.42 0x18h 1.93 0x38h 4.50 0x19h 2.01 0x39h 4.58 0x1Ah 2.09 0x3Ah 4.66 0x1Bh 2.17 0x3Bh 4.74 0x1Ch 2.25 0x3Ch 4.82 0x1Dh 2.33 0x3Dh 4.90 0x1Eh 2.41 0x3Eh 4.98	0x12h	1.45	0x32h	4.02
0x15h 1.69 0x16h 1.77 0x17h 1.85 0x18h 1.93 0x19h 2.01 0x1Ah 2.09 0x1Bh 2.17 0x1Ch 2.25 0x1Dh 2.33 0x1Eh 2.41 0x35h 4.26 0x37h 4.42 0x38h 4.50 0x39h 4.58 0x3Ah 4.66 0x3Bh 4.74 0x3Ch 4.82 0x3Dh 4.90 0x1Eh 2.41	0x13h	1.53	0x33h	4.10
0x16h 1.77 0x17h 1.85 0x18h 1.93 0x19h 2.01 0x1Ah 2.09 0x1Bh 2.17 0x1Ch 2.25 0x1Dh 2.33 0x1Eh 2.41 0x36h 4.34 0x38h 4.58 0x3Ah 4.66 0x3Bh 4.74 0x3Ch 4.82 0x3Dh 4.90 0x1Eh 2.41	0x14h	1.61	0x34h	4.18
0x17h 1.85 0x37h 4.42 0x18h 1.93 0x38h 4.50 0x19h 2.01 0x39h 4.58 0x1Ah 2.09 0x3Ah 4.66 0x1Bh 2.17 0x3Bh 4.74 0x1Ch 2.25 0x3Ch 4.82 0x1Dh 2.33 0x3Dh 4.90 0x1Eh 2.41 0x3Eh 4.98	0x15h	1.69	0x35h	4.26
0x18h 1.93 0x19h 2.01 0x1Ah 2.09 0x1Bh 2.17 0x1Ch 2.25 0x1Dh 2.33 0x1Eh 2.41	0x16h	1.77	0x36h	4.34
0x19h 2.01 0x39h 4.58 0x1Ah 2.09 0x3Ah 4.66 0x1Bh 2.17 0x3Bh 4.74 0x1Ch 2.25 0x3Ch 4.82 0x1Dh 2.33 0x3Dh 4.90 0x1Eh 2.41 0x3Eh 4.98	0x17h	1.85	0x37h	4.42
0x1Ah 2.09 0x3Ah 4.66 0x1Bh 2.17 0x3Bh 4.74 0x1Ch 2.25 0x3Ch 4.82 0x1Dh 2.33 0x3Dh 4.90 0x1Eh 2.41 0x3Eh 4.98	0x18h	1.93	0x38h	4.50
0x1Bh 2.17 0x3Bh 4.74 0x1Ch 2.25 0x3Ch 4.82 0x1Dh 2.33 0x3Dh 4.90 0x1Eh 2.41 0x3Eh 4.98	0x19h	2.01	0x39h	4.58
0x1Ch 2.25 0x3Ch 4.82 0x1Dh 2.33 0x3Dh 4.90 0x1Eh 2.41 0x3Eh 4.98	0x1Ah	2.09	0x3Ah	4.66
0x1Dh 2.33 0x3Dh 4.90 0x1Eh 2.41 0x3Eh 4.98	0x1Bh	2.17	0x3Bh	4.74
0x1Eh 2.41 0x3Eh 4.98	0x1Ch	2.25	0x3Ch	4.82
	0x1Dh	2.33	0x3Dh	4.90
0x1Fh 2.49 0x3Fh 5.06	0x1Eh	2.41	0x3Eh	4.98
	0x1Fh	2.49	0x3Fh	5.06

The voltage can be calculated as 4 x VREF x (VSET +1) / 64, where VREF is the internal 1.285-V reference.



Current Limit

A current limit circuit is provided to protect the system in the event of an overcurrent condition, such as what would be encountered if driving a DC motor at start-up or with an abnormal mechanical load (stall condition).

The motor current is sensed by monitoring the voltage across an external sense resistor. When the voltage exceeds a reference voltage of 200 mV for more than approximately 3 µs, the PWM duty cycle is reduced to limit the current through the motor to this value. This current limit allows for starting the motor while controlling the current.

If the current limit condition persists for some time, it is likely that a fault condition has been encountered, such as the motor being run into a stop or a stalled condition. An overcurrent event must persist for approximately 275 ms before the fault is registered. After approximately 275 ms, a fault signaled to the host by driving the FAULTn signal low and setting the FAULT and ILIMIT bits in the serial interface register. Operation of the motor driver will continue.

The current limit fault condition is cleared by setting both IN1 and IN2 to zero to disable the motor current, by putting the device into the shutdown state (IN1 and IN2 both set to 1), by setting the CLEAR bit in the fault register, or by removing and re-applying power to the device.

The resistor used to set the current limit must be less than 1 Ω . Its value may be calculated as follows:

$$R_{ISENSE} = \frac{200 \ mV}{I_{LIMIT}} \tag{1}$$

Where:

R_{ISENSE} is the current sense resistor value.

I_{I IMIT} is the desired current limit (in mA).

If the current limit feature is not needed, the ISENSE pin may be directly connected to ground.

Protection Circuits

The DRV8830 is fully protected against undervoltage, overcurrent and overtemperature events. A FAULTn pin is available to signal a fault condition to the system, as well as a FAULT register in the serial interface that allows determination of the fault source.

Overcurrent Protection (OCP)

An analog current limit circuit on each FET limits the current through the FET by removing the gate drive. If this analog current limit persists for longer than the OCP time, all FETs in the H-bridge will be disabled, the FAULTn signal will be driven low, and the FAULT and OCP bits in the FAULT register will be set. The device will remain disabled until the CLEAR bit in the FAULT register is written to 1, or VCC is removed and re-applied.

Overcurrent conditions are sensed independently on both high and low side devices. A short to ground, supply, or across the motor winding will all result in an overcurrent shutdown. Note that OCP is independent of the current limit function, which is typically set to engage at a lower current level; the OCP function is intended to prevent damage to the device under abnormal (e.g., short-circuit) conditions.

Thermal Shutdown (TSD)

If the die temperature exceeds safe limits, all FETs in the H-bridge will be disabled, the FAULTn signal will be driven low, and the FAULT and OTS bits in the serial interface register will be set. Once the die temperature has fallen to a safe level operation will automatically resume.

Undervoltage Lockout (UVLO)

If at any time the voltage on the VCC pins falls below the undervoltage lockout threshold voltage, all FETs in the H-bridge will be disabled, the FAULTn signal will be driven low, and the FAULT and UVLO bits in the FAULT register will be set. Operation will resume when VCC rises above the UVLO threshold.

Product Folder Link(s): DRV8830



I²C-Compatible Serial Interface

The I^2C interface allows control and monitoring of the DRV8830 by a microcontroller. I^2C is a two-wire serial interface developed by Philips Semiconductor (see I^2C – Bus Specification, Version 2.1, January 2000). The bus consists of a data line (SDA) and a clock line (SCL) with off-chip pull-up resistors. When the bus is idle, both SDA and SCL lines are pulled high.

A master device, usually a microcontroller or a digital signal processor, controls the bus. The master is responsible for generating the SCL signal and device addresses. The master also generates specific conditions that indicate the START and STOP of data transfer.

A slave device receives and/or transmits data on the bus under control of the master device. This device operates only as a slave device.

 I^2C communication is initiated by a master sending a start condition, a high-to-low transition on the SDA I/O while SCL is held high. After the start condition, the device address byte is sent, most-significant bit (MSB) first, including the data direction bit (R/W). After receiving a valid address byte, this device responds with an acknowledge, a low on the SDA I/O during the high of the acknowledge-related clock pulse.

The lower three bits of the device address are input from pins A0 - A1, which can be tied to VCC (logic high), GND (logic low), or left open. These three address bits are latched into the device at power-up, so cannot be changed dynamically.

The upper address bits of the device address are fixed at 0xC0h, so the device address is as follows:

A1 PIN	A0 PIN	A3A0 BITS (as below)	ADDRESS (WRITE)	ADDRESS (READ)
0	0	0000	0xC0h	0xC1h
0	open	0001	0xC2h	0xC3h
0	1	0010	0xC4h	0xC5h
open	0	0011	0xC6h	0xC7h
open	open	0100	0xC8h	0xC9h
open	1	0101	0xCAh	0xCBh
1	0	0110	0xCCh	0xCDh
1	open	0111	0xCEh	0xCFh
1	1	1000	0xD0h	0xD1h

The DRV8830 does not respond to the general call address.

A data byte follows the address acknowledge. If the R/W bit is low, the data is written from the master. If the R/W bit is high, the data from this device are the values read from the register previously selected by a write to the subaddress register. The data byte is followed by an acknowledge sent from this device. Data is output only if complete bytes are received and acknowledged. A stop condition, which is a low-to-high transition on the SDA I/O while the SCL input is high, is sent by the master to terminate the transfer.

A master bus device must wait at least 60 µs after power is applied to VCC to generate a START condition.

I²C transactions are shown in the timing diagrams below:

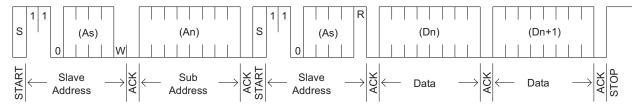


Figure 7. I²C Read Mode



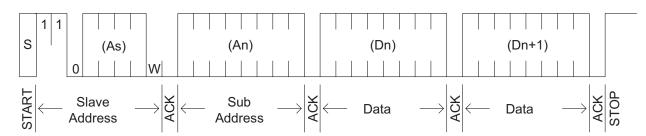


Figure 8. I²C Write Mode

I²C Register Map

REGISTER	SUB ADDRESS (HEX)	REGISTER NAME	DEFAULT VALUE	DESCRIPTION
0	0x00	CONTROL	0x00h	Sets state of outputs and output voltage
1	0x01	FAULT	0x00h	Allows reading and clearing of fault conditions

REGISTER 0 – CONTROL

The CONTROL register is used to set the state of the outputs as well as the DAC setting for the output voltage. The register is defined as follows:

D7 - D2	D1	D0
VSET[50]	IN2	IN1

VSET[5..0]: Sets DAC output voltage. Refer to Voltage Setting above.

IN2: Along with IN1, sets state of outputs. Refer to Bridge Control above.

IN1: Along with IN2, sets state of outputs. Refer to Bridge Control above.

REGISTER 1 – FAULT

The FAULT register is used to read the source of a fault condition, and to clear the status bits that indicated the fault. The register is defined as follows:

D7	D6 - D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
CLEAR	Unused	ILIMIT	OTS	UVLO	OCP	FAULT

CLEAR: When written to 1, clears the fault status bits

ILIMIT: If set, indicates the fault was caused by an extended current limit event

OTS: If set, indicates that the fault was caused by an overtemperature (OTS) condition

UVLO: If set, indicates the fault was caused by an undervoltage lockout OCP: If set, indicates the fault was caused by an overcurrent (OCP) event

FAULT: Set if any fault condition exists



THERMAL INFORMATION

Thermal Protection

The DRV8830 has thermal shutdown (TSD) as described above. If the die temperature exceeds approximately 160°C, the device will be disabled until the temperature drops to a safe level.

Any tendency of the device to enter TSD is an indication of either excessive power dissipation, insufficient heatsinking, or too high an ambient temperature.

Power Dissipation

Power dissipation in the DRV8830 is dominated by the power dissipated in the output FET resistance, or R_{DS(ON)}. Average power dissipation when running a stepper motor can be roughly estimated by Equation 2.

$$P_{TOT} = 2 \cdot R_{DS(ON)} \cdot (I_{OUT(RMS)})^2$$
(2)

where P_{TOT} is the total power dissipation, $R_{DS(ON)}$ is the resistance of each FET, and $I_{OUT(RMS)}$ is the RMS output current being applied to each winding. $I_{OUT(RMS)}$ is equal to the approximately 0.7x the full-scale output current setting. The factor of 2 comes from the fact that at any instant two FETs are conducting winding current for each winding (one high-side and one low-side).

The maximum amount of power that can be dissipated in the device is dependent on ambient temperature and heatsinking.

Note that $R_{DS(ON)}$ increases with temperature, so as the device heats, the power dissipation increases. This must be taken into consideration when sizing the heatsink.

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4-May-2013

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	•	Pins	•	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish		Op Temp (°C)	Top-Side Markings	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)		(3)		(4)	
DRV8830DGQ	ACTIVE	MSOP- PowerPAD	DGQ	10	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	8830	Samples
DRV8830DGQR	ACTIVE	MSOP- PowerPAD	DGQ	10	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	8830	Samples
DRV8830DRCR	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	8830	Samples
DRV8830DRCT	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	8830	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

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⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ Multiple Top-Side Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Top-Side Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Top-Side Marking for that device.





4-May-2013

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 8-Apr-2013

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter	Reel Width	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
DRV8830DRCR	SON	DRC	10	3000	(mm) 330.0	W1 (mm) 12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
DRV8830DRCT	SON	DRC	10	250	180.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2

www.ti.com 8-Apr-2013



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
DRV8830DRCR	SON	DRC	10	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
DRV8830DRCT	SON	DRC	10	250	210.0	185.0	35.0

DGQ (S-PDSO-G10)

PowerPAD™ PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 for information regarding recommended board layout. This document is available at www.ti.com http://www.ti.com>.
- E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions. F. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation BA-T.

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



DGQ (S-PDSO-G10)

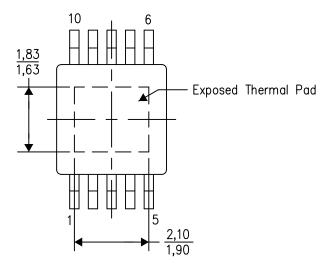
PowerPAD™ PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

THERMAL INFORMATION

This PowerPAD $^{\text{M}}$ package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached to a printed circuit board (PCB). The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the PCB. After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For additional information on the PowerPAD package and how to take advantage of its heat dissipating abilities, refer to Technical Brief, PowerPAD Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 and Application Brief, PowerPAD Made Easy, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA004. Both documents are available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Top View

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

4206324-6/G 05/13

NOTE: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments





- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Small Outline No-Lead (SON) package configuration.
 - D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance, if present.
 - E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions, if present



DRC (S-PVSON-N10)

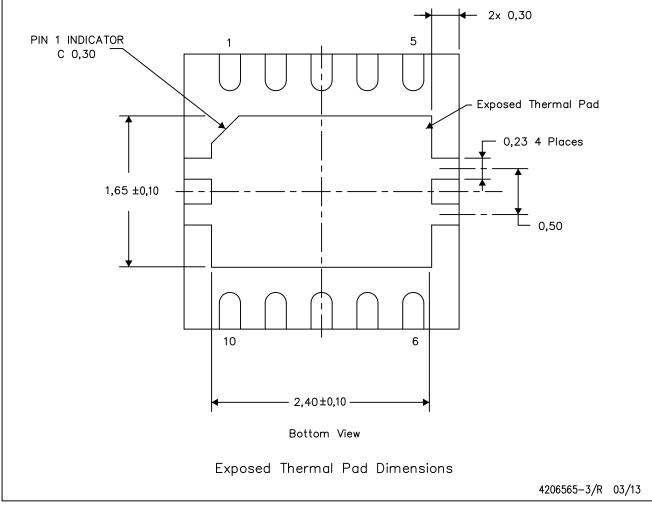
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No—Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

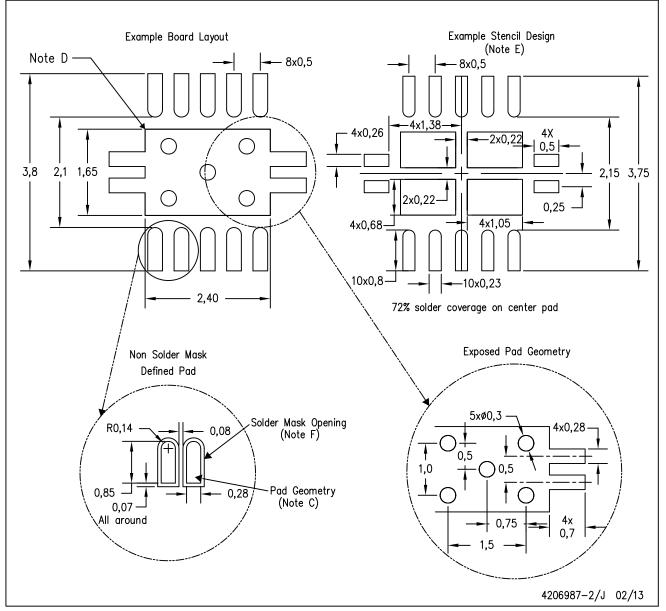
The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



NOTE: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters

DRC (S-PVSON-N10)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD



NOTES: A.

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat—Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com http://www.ti.com.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.



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